

Who is Oregon?

- 78% white
- 42% reside in Portland
- 30% have at least a BA or higher



Reaching all Eligible Customers

Are certain groups of customers not participating at the level we would expect?

- What do we know about these customers?
- What can we learn?
- Are there alternative engagement approaches?

Learning Approaches

- Looked at whether residential customers in nonmetro areas or in high-minority or high-poverty tracts are participating at the expected level
- Current research is focused on learning more about certain groups of customers and acquiring additional demographic and psychographic characteristics of participants and nonparticipants
 - May lead us to new engagement approaches

2014 Research

Geographic analysis

 Households in tracts in the Tri-County region received more incentives and savings, and had a higher percentage of participating sites compared to households outside of the Tri-County region



2014 Research Continued

Demographic analysis

- High-poverty tracts had lower participation rates, lower gas savings and higher electric savings as compared to eligible households in those tracts
- High-minority tracts had higher participation rates and higher electric and gas savings as compared to eligible households in those tracts



2015 Research

Geographic analysis 2012-2015

- Electric savings by Energy Trust customers in the non-Tri-County region were 6% higher than would be expected based on share of utility accounts.
- Gas savings by Energy Trust customers in the non-Tri-County region were 9% lower than would be expected based on share of utility accounts.



Ongoing Research

 Compared the composition of our trade ally contractor network against a business demographic database and found our New Building ally network has a greater percentage of minorityand women-owned businesses compared to the general business population

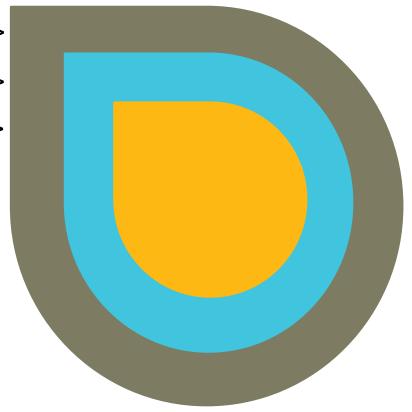
Current Research

Identifying opportunities to engage:

- Location
- Income
- Education
- Ethnicity/Language/Culture
- Small Business

Multiple Approaches

External Data Overlay >>>
Customer Insights Study >>>
Focus Groups >>>





External Data Overlay

Weatherization

- Age differences
- Income differences

Online Home Energy Review

- Age differences
- Income differences

Heat Pump Water Heater

Income differences

Customer Insights Study

- To learn about differences in awareness, participation, attitudes about energy use and environment, perceived barriers and what they need to know to move forward
- Survey participants and non-participants

Focus Groups

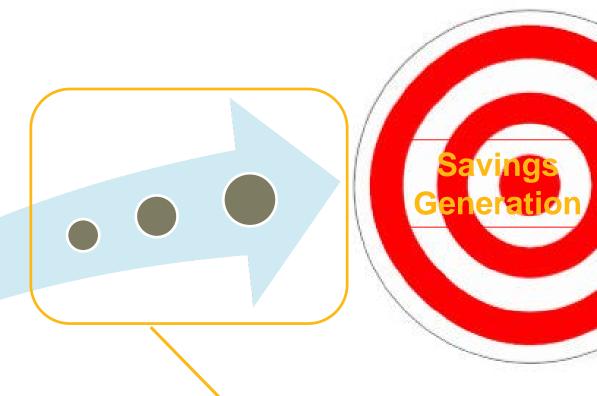
- To learn about awareness among this group of eligible customers, how they make decisions about energy, and specific needs they might have around communications and outreach
- Latino, Asian and rural small business owners and decision makers

Next steps

- 1. Customer insights survey
- 2. Additional focus groups
- 3. Ongoing efforts to reach all customers
- 4. Energy Trust Diversity Initiative



Education



Indirect path/Long-term results

- ✓ Engagement leads to knowledge, understanding, skills
- ✓ Action may be in future years
- ✓ Eventual savings & generation not measured

Direct path/Short-term results

- ✓ Engagement leads to savings or generation
- ✓ Action is built-in
- ✓ Expected savings & generation measured

Insights from External Data overlay

Savings Within Reach moderate-income qualifications ▼				
	Gross ann	Gross annual income		
Household size	Minimum	Maximum		
1 resident	\$23,340	\$52,530		
2 residents	\$31,460	\$60,070		
3 residents	\$39,580	\$67,486		
4 residents	\$47,700	\$75,025		
5 residents	\$55,820	\$81,082		
6 residents	\$63,940	\$87,014		
7 residents	\$72,060	\$93,071		
8 residents	\$80,180	\$99,004		

Insights from Focus Groups

Defining Hard-to-Reach

2016-2017

- Non-participants
- To be examined:
 - Age
 - Barriers
 - Familiarity

2015 Research

Participation within and outside of tri-county region

- Greater electric savings in the non-Tri-County relative to its share of utility customers - this share has grown over time
- Energy Trust has gotten the same proportional level of savings and incentives from the non-Tri-County region as the Tri-County region (30 percent of the savings, 28 percent of the incentives as opposed to expected 39%).



Approaches we've tried

Changed incentives

Low-cost, no-cost

Community efforts

Market development

Joint work with utilities

Cost reduction strategies

2015 Research

Participation within and outside tri-county region

- Electric savings in the non-Tri-County are has garnered greater savings relative to its share of utility customers and this share has grown over time (2012 to 2015 is six percentage points greater).
- In delivering gas savings, Energy Trust has not been deriving the same proportional level of savings and incentives from the non-Tri-County customers region as the Tri-County customers region (non-tricounty is 30 percent of the savings, 28 percent of the incentives as opposed to expected 39%). CAN WE MAKE SENSE OF THIS??

Tri-County Tracts in Electric & Gas Territory

Ge	ographic Analysis	Tri-County Tracts	Non-Tri County Tracts	% Difference
Energy Trust Variables	% Participating Sites*	36%	20%	80%
	Incentives* (per HH)	\$93	\$43	116%
	Electric Savings* (per HH)	353	178	98%
	Gas Savings* (per HH)	13	5	160%
Census Variables	% Rental Units*	33%	24%	38%
	% Multifamily Units*	30%	20%	50%

^{*} Denotes statistically significant difference

Tri-County Tracts in Electric & Gas Territory

E	conomic Analysis	High Poverty Tracts	Non High Poverty Tracts	% Difference
Energy Trust Variables	% Participating Sites*	22%	37%	-41%
	Incentives (per HH)	\$91	\$93	-2%
	Electric Savings* (per HH)	478	337	42%
	Gas Savings* (per HH)	10	14	-29%
Census Variables	% Rental Units*	68%	35%	94%
	% Multifamily Units*	66%	29%	128%

^{*} Denotes statistically significant difference

Tri-County Tracts in Electric & Gas Territory

Race/Et	hnic Minority Analysis	High Minority Tracts	Non High Minority Tracts	% Difference
Energy Trust Variables	% Participating Sites*	31%	38%	-18%
	Incentives (per HH)	\$84	\$96	-13%
	Electric Savings (per HH)	382	342	12%
	Gas Savings* (per HH)	10	15	-33%
Census Variables	% Rental Units*	47%	36%	31%
	% Multifamily Units*	36%	31%	16%

^{*} Denotes statistically significant difference