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December 4, 2018

MEMORANDUM

TO: Council Members

FROM: Massoud Jourabchi

SUBJECT: State of regional economy and electric utilities

BACKGROUND:

Presenter: Massoud Jourabchi

Summary: 2017 was a year that state economy continued to grow. Employment

levels increased to almost 6.9 million, above 500,000 more jobs than 2008. Housing sector recovering with multifamily new construction far exceeding their historic levels. Colder than normal winter and hotter summer in 2017 pushed sales to almost highest levels since 2005. 2017 sales were higher by 740 aMW from 2016. Revenues from retail sales increased by over \$800 million dollars, rising from \$13.05 billion dollars in 2016 to \$13.85 billion dollars in 2017. Regional load increased by about 858 aMW in 2017. Winter of 2017 was an extremely cold which resulted in increase in peak loads by 6,000 MW, compared to weather normalized winter peak. On a long-term basis annual growth rate in summer peak continues to outperform winter peak and annual energy. Behind the meter solar installations continue to grow while Time-of-Use rates are

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stagnating.

Relevance: Continued monitoring of the energy markets in the region is critical for load

forecasting.

Work plan: On-going activity in preparation of mid-term review and next plan.

Background: NA

2017 State of Economy & Electric Utilities in the Northwest

December 2018 Massoud Jourabchi



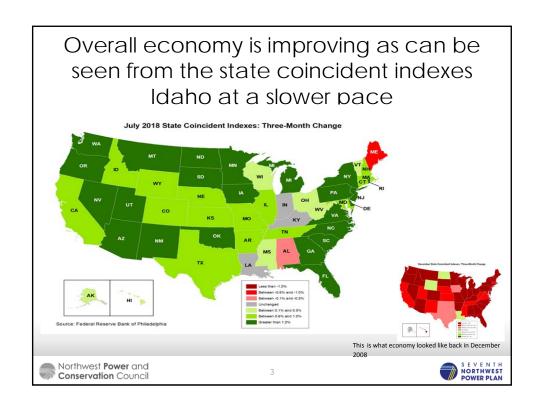


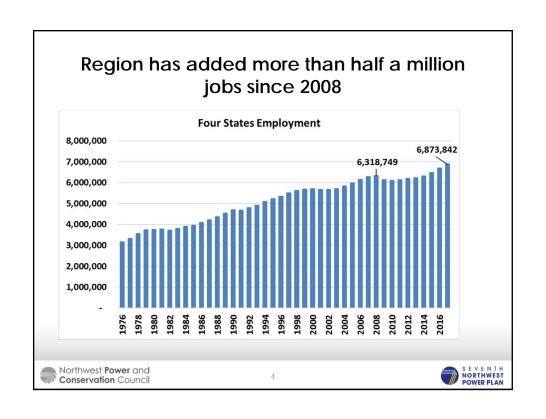
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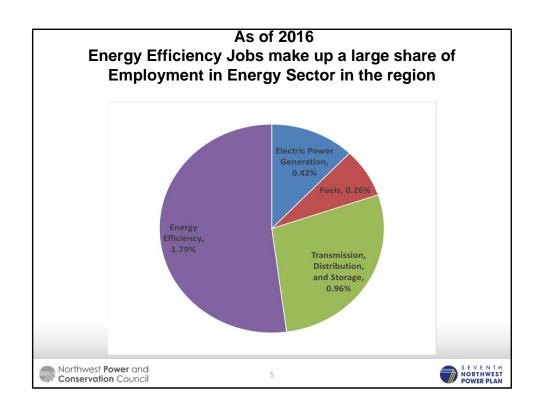
- State of Economy
 - Jobs, output, population and housing
- Weather and impact on loads
- State of electric utilities
 - Sales, Revenues, Rates
 - Average and Peak Loads 1995-2017
- Load growth at BA level

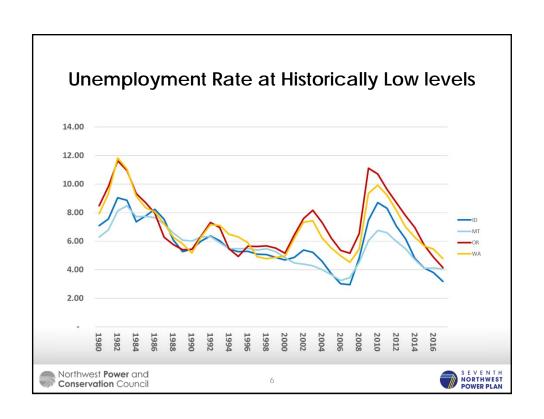


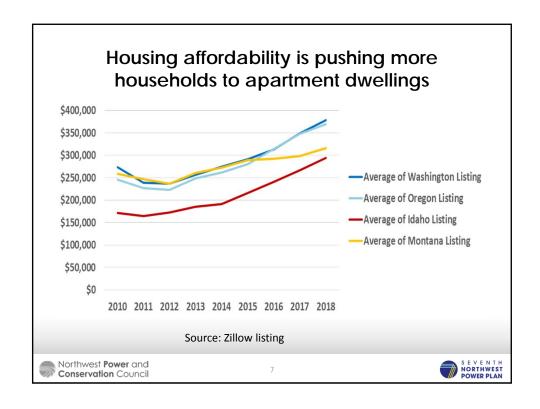


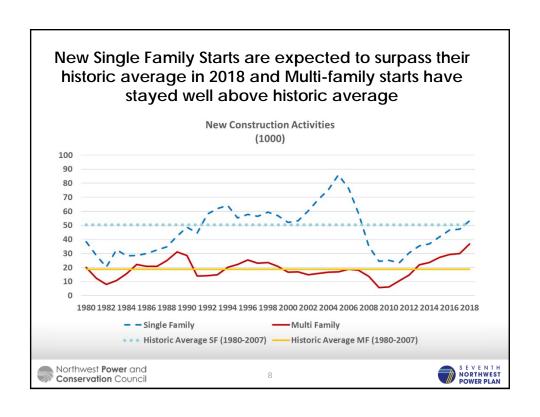


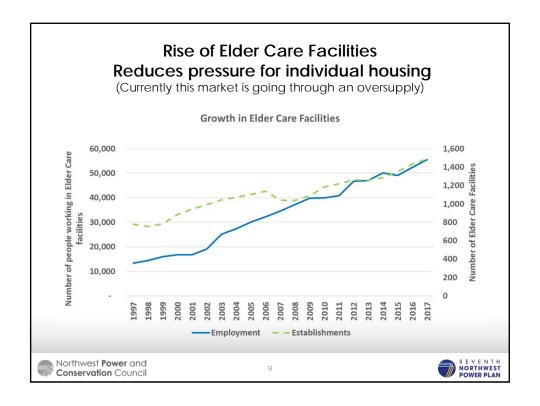










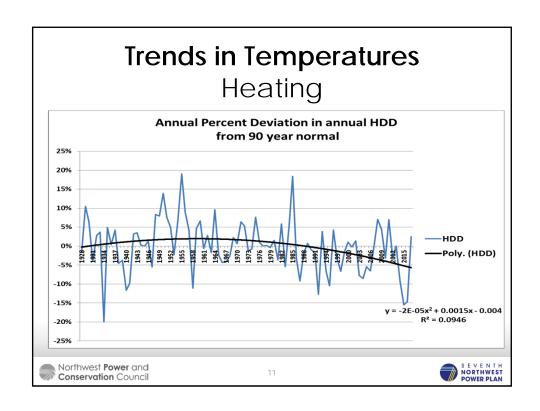


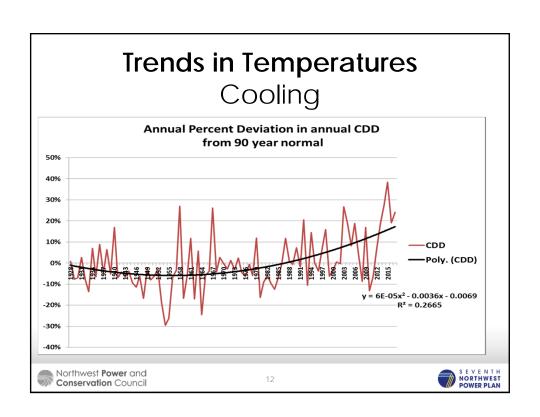
Impact of Weather on Sales and Loads

- Winter of 2017 was among the top 5 coldest winters experienced in the region (1929, 1937, 1949, 1950, 1985)
- Average regional temperatures dropped to 19.6 degrees on January 6th 2017
- In the past 90 years region had experienced only 190 winter days colder than January 6th.
- Summer of 2017 was warmest in the past 90 years except for 2015.









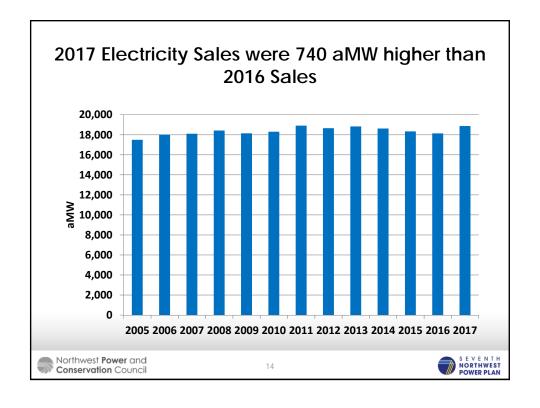
2017 Sales were higher than 2016 by about 740 aMW

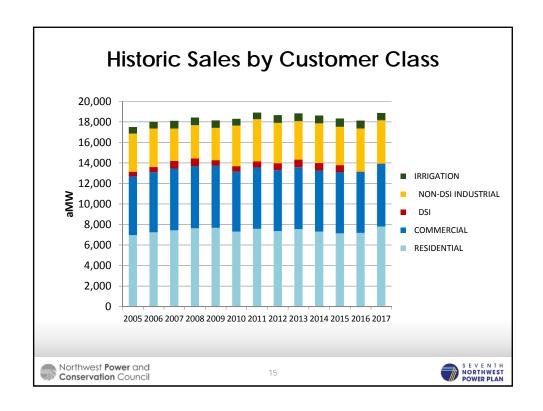
- This was in large part due to colder winter and hotter summer in 2017 compared to 2016
 - Residential sector sales increased by 620 aMW
 - Commercial sector sales increased by 165 aMW
 - Industrial increased by 14 aMW
 - DSI increased by 2 aMW
 - Irrigation declined by 61 aMW
 - Transportation increased by 1 aMW

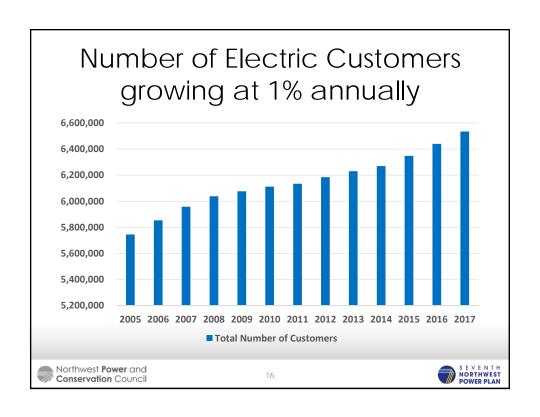


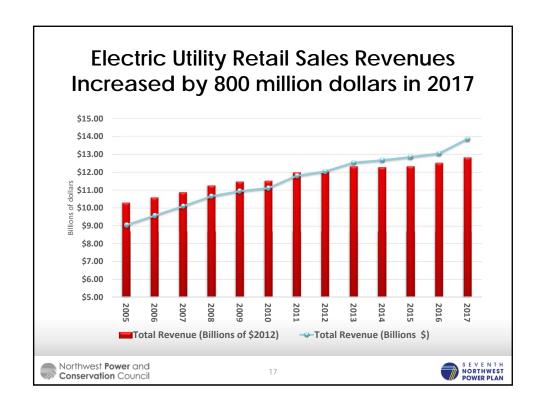
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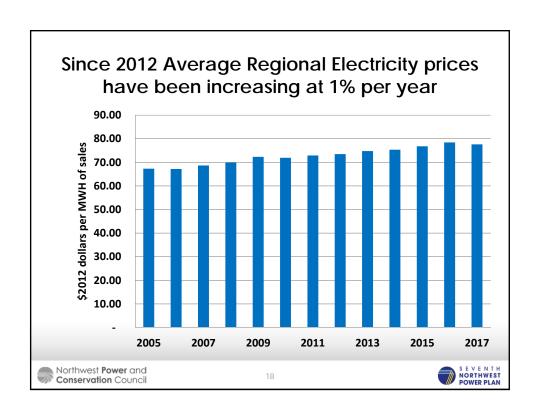


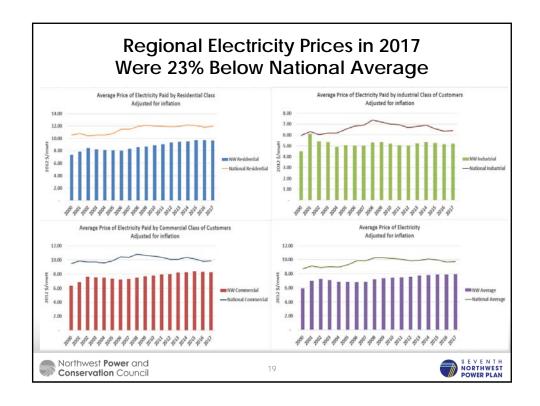


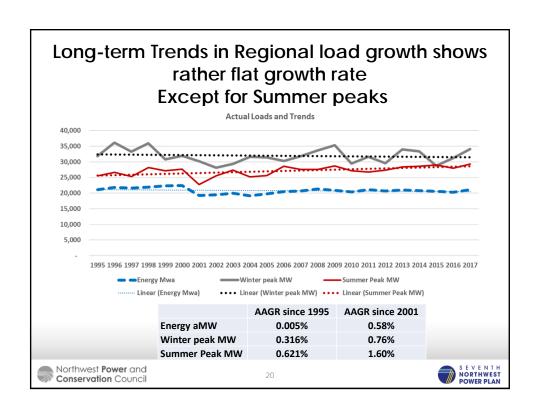


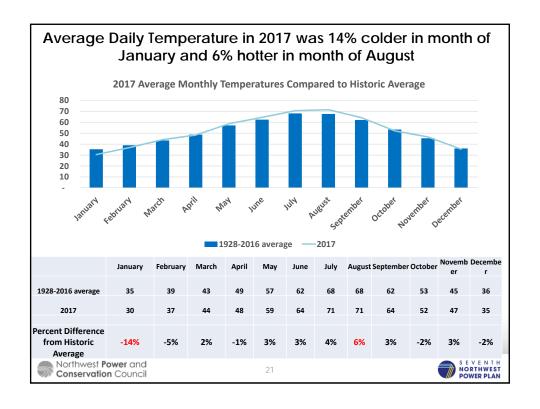


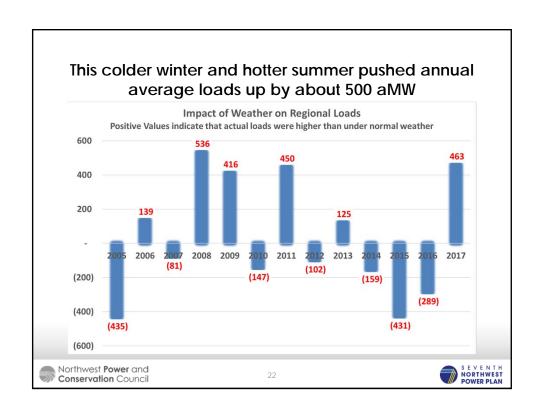


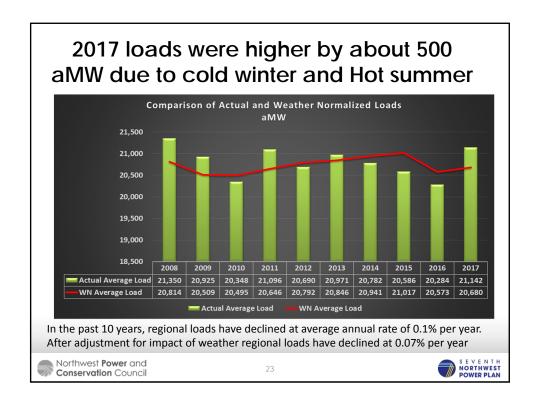


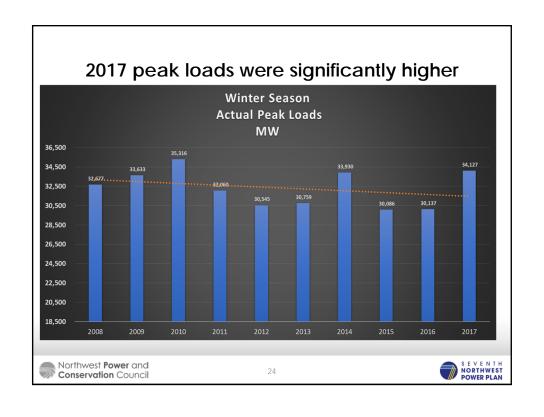


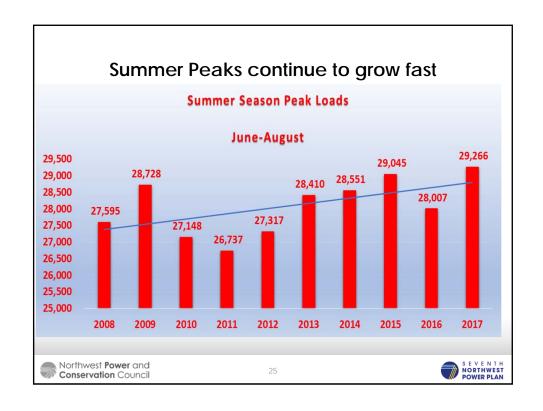


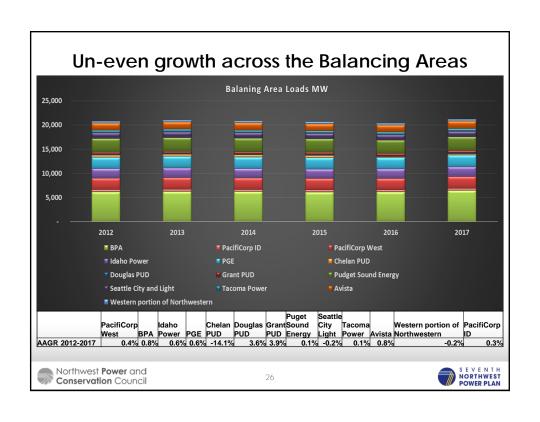


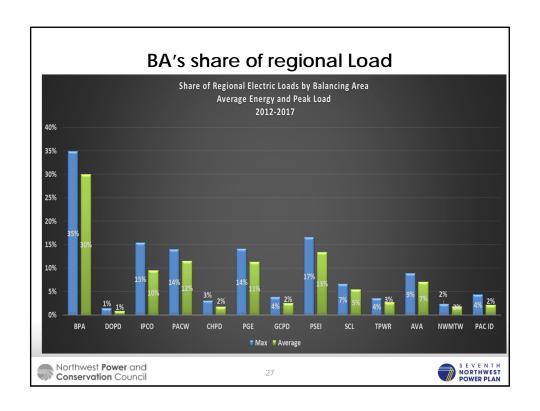












Behind-the-meter solar installations continue to grow

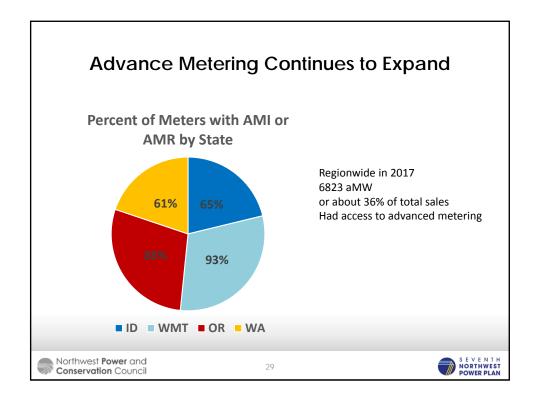
	2015	2016	2017
number of solar installations	23,374	28,202	36,674
capacity installed Cumulative			
(DC MW)	187	214	277
Energy sold back to the utility MWH	16,916	6,529	8,286

Compared to 2016

- Number of installations increased by 30%
- Capacity expended by 30%
- More energy was used on-site.
- Energy sold back was increased by 27%







2017 Time-of-Use Rate Schedules in the Region

- There are 15 TOU rate schedules in the region. Compared to 2015 and 2016 number of customers on TOU has gone down.
- Idaho power, PacifiCorp, PGE had the largest number of customers on TOU.
- In total 2% of industrial, 0.1% of commercial and 0.3% of residential customers were on TOU rates.
- Majority of these were voluntary opt-in rates.
- None of the utilities offered peak pricing or real time pricing.

Number of Enrolled Customers	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total	percent of total customers
2015	17,346	1,612	1,933	2	20,893	0.33%
2016	16,903	2,958	2,152	2	22,015	0.34%
2017	16,290	1,099	2,105	2	19,496	0.30%
Percent of customer class	0.3%	0.1%	2%		0.30%	

Type of Dynamic Pricing Offered	
Time of Use Pricing	Yes
Real Time Pricing	None
Variable Peak Pricing	None
Critical Peak Pricing	None
Critical Peak Rebate	None

out of 147 utilities only 15 offer some form of TOU pricing

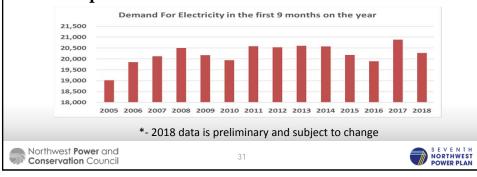


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How has 2018 Electricity Demand been shaping up?

For the first 9 months of the 2018 demand for electricity has been down by about 3% compared to the first 9 months of 2017. this translated to 612 aMW lower demand compared to 2017*.



Summary

- Regional economy is continuing to grow
- Employment levels have returned and exceeded pre-recessionary levels.
- Cold winters and hot summers continue to drive load and capacity needs
- Electricity sales increased significantly in 2017



